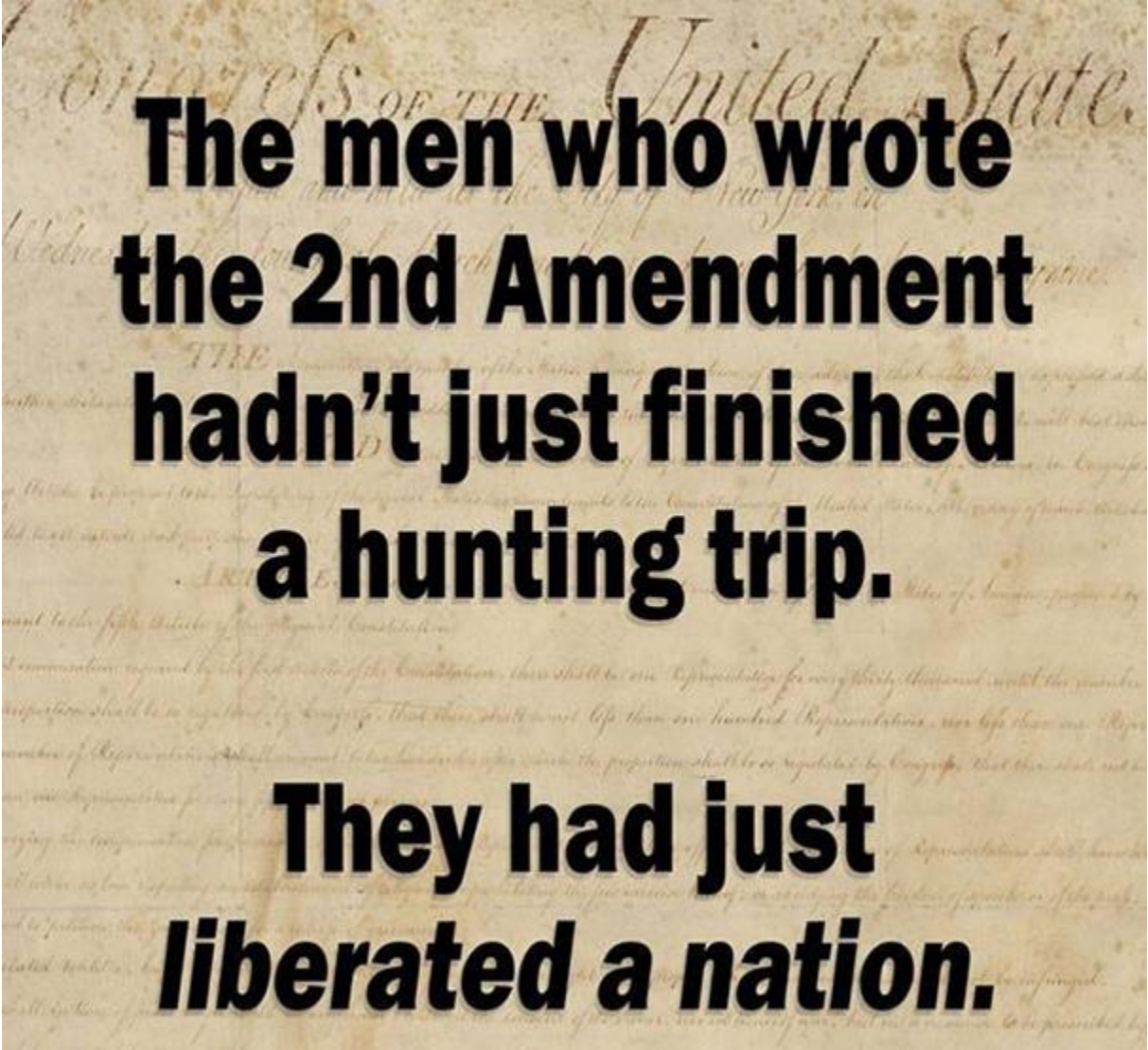


Although we picture the Founding Fathers as old men, many were quite young. By July 4th, 1776, Aaron Burr was 20, Alexander Hamilton, 21; James Madison, 25; John Jay, 29; and Thomas Jefferson, 33.





**The men who wrote
the 2nd Amendment
hadn't just finished
a hunting trip.**

**They had just
*liberated a nation.***

Every night, the U.S. Constitution, the Bill of Rights, and the Declaration of Independence are lowered into a bomb-proof safe.



Americans are growing tired of our ancestors being compared to the migrants of today. Settling in an undeveloped land and building a civilization is not comparable to moving to a post-industrial nation and signing up for welfare.



My ancestors:



*They
were not
the same
as today!*

- 1) they came legally
- 2) didn't cost the Federal Govt a dime
- 3) didn't require the country to adjust to them
- 4) didn't burn the American flag

Amen !!

By law, no US officer is ever allowed to outrank George Washington, and he was posthumously promoted to "six star general" to make sure.



**IF YOU WALKED IN OUR BOOTS,
YOU WOULD QUICKLY REALIZE
HOW GOOD AMERICA HAS IT.**



**BUT MOST HAVEN'T, AND THAT
IS WHY SO MANY OF OUR
CITIZENS ARE WILLING TO
S*** ALL OVER OUR COUNTRY.**

Patriot

pa·tri·ot *Noun*

[pey-tree-uh, -ot or, esp. British, pa-tree-uh]

A person who vigorously supports their country and is prepared to defend it against enemies foreign and domestic.

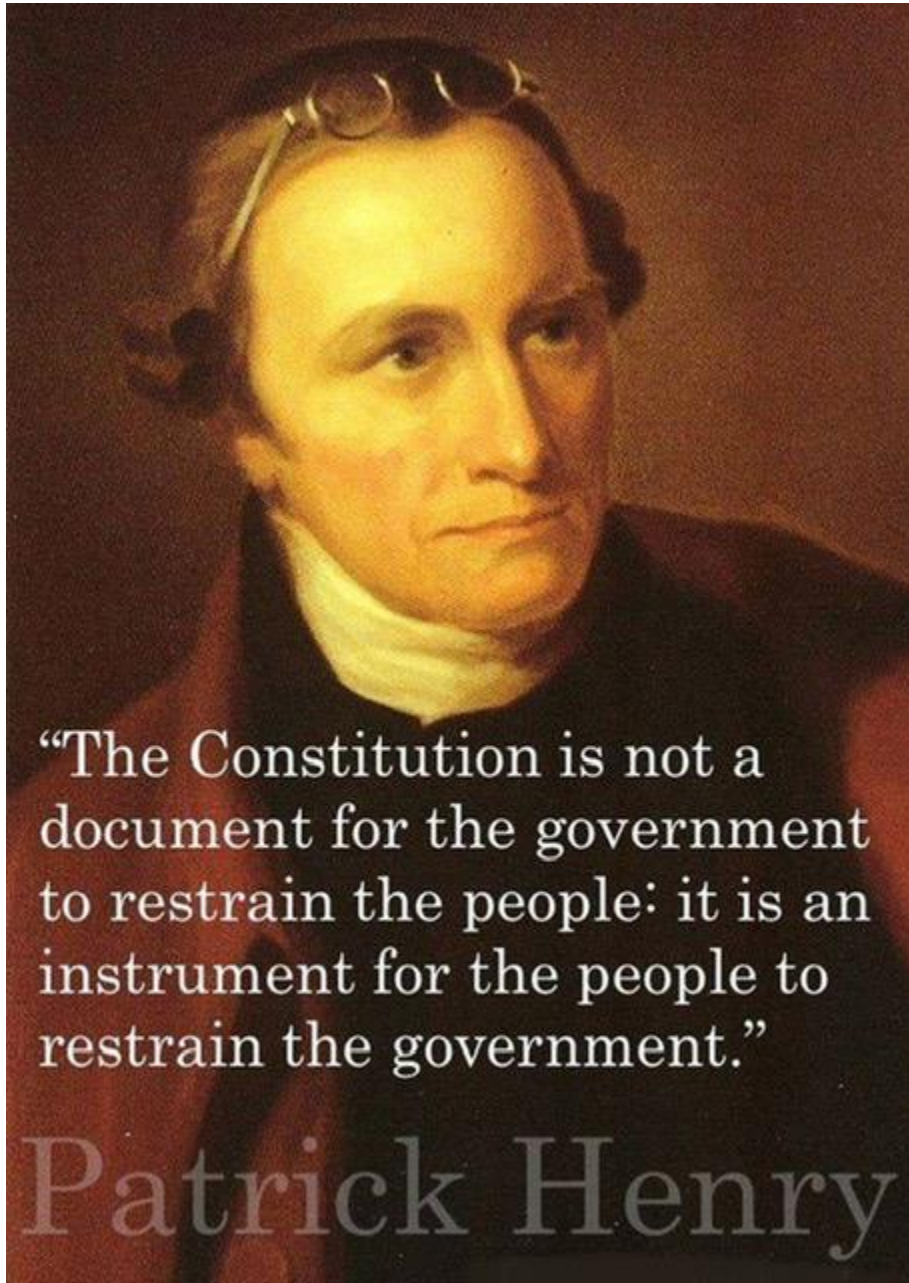
A historical painting depicting a battle scene, likely the Battle of Waterloo. In the foreground, a British soldier in a red coat and white breeches is engaged in combat with a French soldier in a dark coat and white breeches. The British soldier is holding a bayonetted rifle, while the French soldier is holding a sword. In the background, other soldiers are visible, some on horseback. The scene is filled with smoke and the chaos of battle. The painting is overlaid with a political meme.

**“GIVE ME LIBERTY OR
GIVE ME DEATH!”**

**NOT GIVE ME FREE COLLEGE, FREE
HEALTHCARE AND FREE HOUSING AND
MAKE MY NEIGHBORS PAY FOR IT**

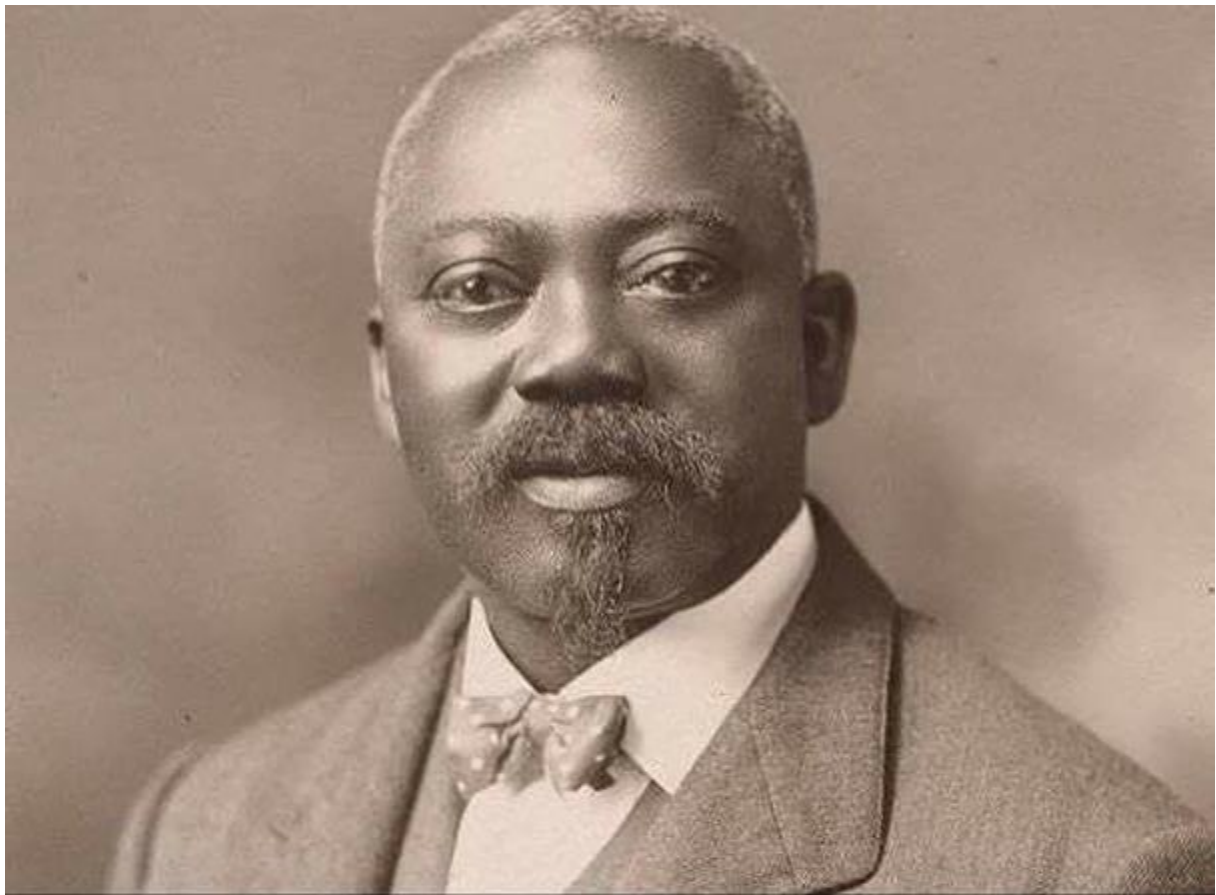
Amen to the one above!

**I am too old to live under
socialism. I am addicted
to luxuries like toilet
paper, electricity, food,
clean water and shoes.**



“The Constitution is not a document for the government to restrain the people: it is an instrument for the people to restrain the government.”

Patrick Henry



**THE FIRST AFRICAN-AMERICAN TO RECEIVE THE
MEDAL OF HONOR IN THE CIVIL WAR WAS SGT.
WILLIAM HARVEY CARNEY WHO, DESPITE BEING
SHOT IN THE FACE, SHOULDERS, ARMS, AND
LEGS, REFUSED TO LET THE AMERICAN FLAG
TOUCH THE GROUND.**

We the People

insure domestic Tranquility, provide for the common Defense
and our Posterity, do ordain and establish this Constitution,

Article 1

Section 1. All legislative Powers herein granted shall be vested in a Congress of the United States, which shall consist of a Senate and House of Representatives.

Section 2. The House of Representatives shall be composed of Members chosen every second Year by the People of the several States, and the Electors in each State shall have the Qualifications requisite for Electors of the most numerous Branch of the State Legislature.

Section 3. The Senate shall be composed of two Senators from each State, chosen by the Electors in each State, and the Electors in each State shall have the Qualifications requisite for Electors of the most numerous Branch of the State Legislature.

Section 4. The Times, Places and Manner of holding the Elections of Senators and Representatives, shall be prescribed in each State, but in no Manner shall interfere with the Times, Places and Manner of holding the Elections for Representatives to Congress.

Section 5. The Senate shall have the sole Power to try all Impeachments, when the Senate shall be sitting, and shall decide by a Majority of two thirds of the Members present.

Section 6. The Senators and Representatives shall receive a Compensation for their Services, which shall be ascertained from Time to Time by each House of Representatives.

Section 7. The Congress shall assemble at least once in every Year, and such Meeting shall be held in the City of New York, until otherwise provided by Law.

Section 8. The Congress shall have Power to lay and collect Taxes, Duties, Imposts and Excises, to regulate Commerce with foreign Nations, among the several States, and with the Indian Tribes; to borrow Money on the credit of the United States; to regulate the Value of Money, the Weight and Measure, to define the Offence of Counterfeiting the great Seal of the United States, and to punish the Counterfeiting and Forgery thereof; to coin Money, to regulate the Value of the same, to fix the Standard of Weights and Measures; to establish Post Offices and Post Roads; to promote the Progress of Science and useful Arts, by securing for limited Times to Authors and Inventors the exclusive Right to their respective Writings and Discoveries; to constitute Tribunals inferior to the supreme Court; to define and punish the Offences against the Law of Nations; to define and punish Piracies and Offences against Commerce on the high Seas; to exercise exclusive Legislation over such Districts as may, by Law, be granted to the United States; to exercise exclusive Legislation respecting the District of Columbia; to exercise all the Powers herein granted to the Congress of the United States.

Section 9. The Migration or Importation of Persons, other than Indians, shall not be prohibited by any Law of the United States, but the Congress may tax and regulate the Importation thereof.

Section 10. No State shall enter into any Treaty, Alliance, or Confederation; grant Letters of Marque and Reprisal; enter into any Compact or Agreement with another State, or with a foreign Power; or grant any Privilege of Trade to any one State over another.

Section 11. The Congress may, from Time to Time, regulate the Commerce with the Indian Tribes.

Section 12. The Congress shall have Power to declare and regulate the Bankruptcy of the United States.

Section 13. The Congress shall have Power to suspend the Habeas Corpus, when the United States shall be invaded, or when the public Safety may require it.

Section 14. The Congress shall have Power to pass Laws to enforce the Obligations of the Contract entered into by the United States, and to enforce the Laws and Regulations which may be passed by the Congress.

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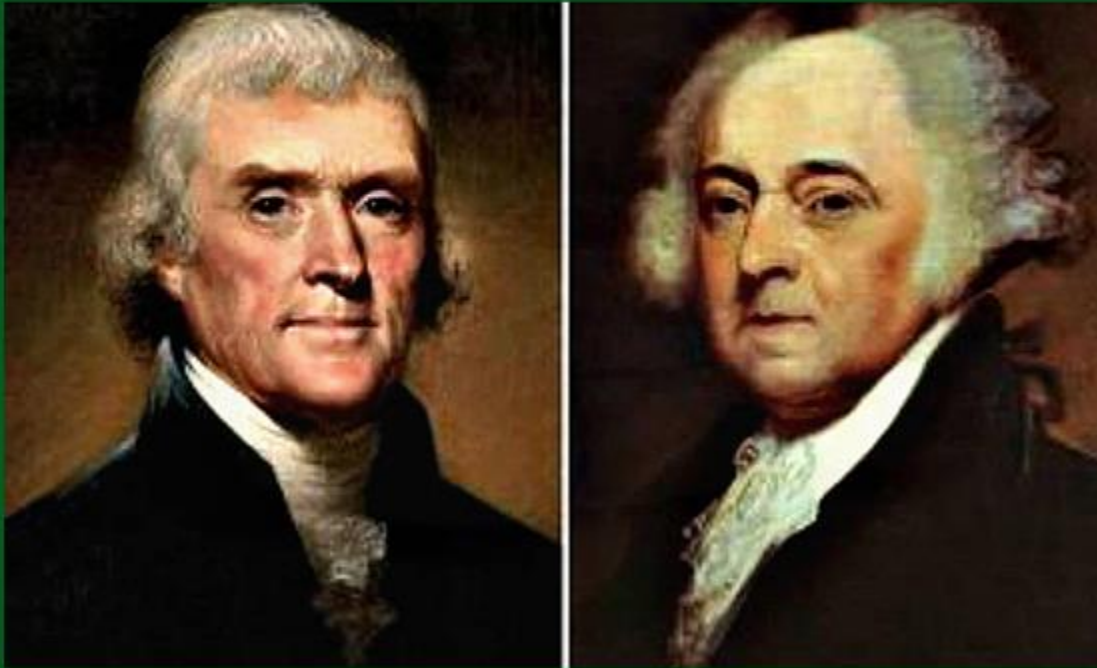
It doesn't need to be
rewritten... It needs
to be reread

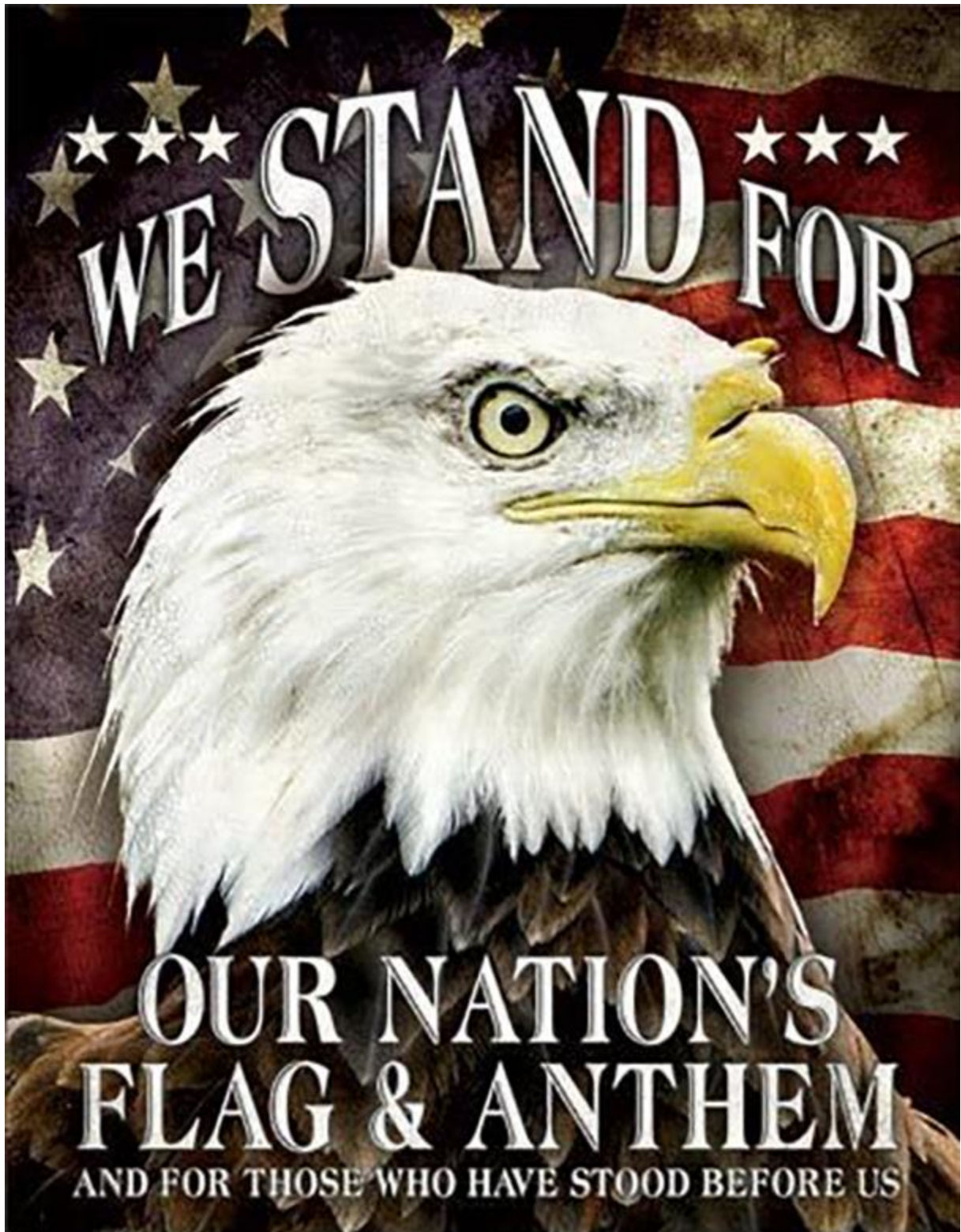
I love this one

AND FROM THE HISTORICAL FILES

JULY 4, 1826

Thomas Jefferson and John Adams died hours apart on the same day. it was the 50th anniversary of American Independence.





WE STAND FOR

OUR NATION'S
FLAG & ANTHEM

AND FOR THOSE WHO HAVE STOOD BEFORE US